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**Toilet fixture clog prevention and cleanout**

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**ABSTRACT**

A toilet fixture is provided including an inlet pipe, a toilet bowl in fluid communication with the inlet pipe, an outlet pipe in fluid communication with the toilet bowl, a jet pipe in fluid communication with the inlet pipe and the outlet pipe, and a removable jet pipe assembly that connects the jet pipe to the outlet pipe. A foreign object strainer may be positioned in-line with the inlet pipe. A flush assembly may also include a flush valve, a vacuum breaker tube in fluid communication with the flush valve, a foreign object strainer in fluid communication with the vacuum breaker tube, and an outlet pipe in fluid communication with the foreign object strainer.

## TOILET FIXTURE CLOG PREVENTION AND CLEANOUT

### CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application is a divisional of Australian Patent Application No 2020361592 filed 23 March 2022, which is a national phase application of PCT Application No PCT/US2020/054954 filed 9 October 2020 which claims priority to United States Provisional Patent Application No. 62/913,233 filed on 10 October 2019, the contents of each of which are hereby fully incorporated by reference.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

#### Field of the Invention

[0002] The present disclosure, in general, relates to a toilet fixture and, more particularly, to a toilet fixture having a clog prevention and cleanout arrangement.

#### Description of Related Art

[0003] In current toilet fixtures, angle stop sealing material, flush valve diaphragms, and vacuum breaker rubber have a tendency to deteriorate over time causing these elements to break apart and flow into the piping system of a toilet fixture. This deterioration and general debris in piping systems cause blockages downstream of the water closet's inlet in the blowout jet or flush rim holes that rinse the bowl of the toilet fixture. These blockages result in poor flushing and removal of waste from the toilet bowl. It is particularly difficult to remove this debris in a blowout jet when the blowout jet is welded into a waste pipe and requires the toilet fixture to be removed from the wall and sent back to the manufacturer, where the toilet fixture is cut apart, re-welded and then sent back to the customer for reinstallation. Others have also tried removing the toilet fixture from the wall, turning the toilet fixture over, and heating the blowout jet area with a torch in an attempt to melt the debris while hammering on the blowout jet area to release the melted debris.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0004] In view of the foregoing, there is a current need for a toilet fixture that includes a clog prevention and cleanout assembly. There is a further need for a toilet fixture that can stop debris from entering the toilet bowl. There is a further need for a toilet fixture that allows for easy and improved cleanout of debris from the toilet fixture in the event debris enters the toilet bowl.

**[0005]** In one example of the present disclosure, a toilet fixture may include an inlet pipe, a toilet bowl in fluid communication with the inlet pipe, an outlet pipe in fluid communication with the toilet bowl, a jet pipe in fluid communication with the inlet pipe and the outlet pipe, and a removable jet pipe assembly that connects the jet pipe to the outlet pipe.

**[0006]** In another example of the present disclosure, the removable jet pipe assembly may include a mounting base positioned on the outlet pipe, and a jet removably connected to the mounting base. The removable jet pipe assembly may include a locking mechanism for removal of the jet from the mounting base and attached of the jet to the mounting base. The locking mechanism may include a pair of locking arms that hold the jet to the mounting base. At least one of the locking arms may be spring-biased to permit the locking arm to move relative to the mounting base between a locked position and an unlocked position. The locking mechanism may include at least one screw member for adjusting a biasing force of the spring-biased locking arm. A fitting may be provided in-line with the inlet pipe, wherein the fitting is connected to the jet pipe. The fitting may include a cleanout hole that permits access to an interior space of the inlet pipe and jet pipe.

**[0007]** In another example of the present disclosure, a toilet fixture may include an inlet pipe, a toilet bowl in fluid communication with the inlet pipe, an outlet pipe in fluid communication with the toilet bowl, a jet pipe in fluid communication with the inlet pipe and the outlet pipe, and a foreign object strainer positioned in-line with the inlet pipe.

**[0008]** In another example of the present disclosure, the foreign object strainer includes a main body, a foreign object strainer plate positioned within the main body, and a foreign object reservoir positioned beneath the foreign object strainer plate. The foreign object strainer may include a removable cover, wherein the removable cover supports the foreign object reservoir in the foreign object strainer. The removable cover may be threadedly attached to the main body. The foreign object strainer plate may define at least one aperture. The at least one aperture may be sized so permit fluid to pass therethrough and block debris in the fluid from passing therethrough. The foreign object strainer plate may be positioned at an angle relative to the main body.

**[0009]** In another example of the present disclosure, a flush assembly may include a flush valve, a vacuum breaker tube in fluid communication with the flush valve, a foreign object strainer in fluid communication with the vacuum breaker tube, and an outlet pipe in fluid communication with the foreign object strainer.

**[0010]** In another example of the present disclosure, the foreign object strainer may include a main body, a foreign object strainer plate positioned within the main body, and a foreign

object reservoir positioned beneath the foreign object strainer plate. The foreign object strainer may include a removable cover, wherein the removable cover supports the foreign object reservoir in the foreign object strainer. The foreign object strainer plate may be positioned at an angle relative to the main body. The foreign object strainer plate may define at least one aperture. The at least one aperture may be sized so permit fluid to pass therethrough and block debris in the fluid from passing therethrough.

[0011] In another example of the present disclosure, a toilet fixture may include a jet pipe adapted to be placed in fluid communication with an inlet pipe and an outlet pipe, wherein the inlet pipe and outlet pipe are in fluid communication with a toilet bowl; and a removable jet pipe assembly configured to selectively connect and disconnect the jet pipe to the outlet pipe. The removable jet pipe assembly may include a mounting base adapted to be positioned on the outlet pipe; and a jet removably connected to the mounting base.

[0012] Further details and advantages will be understood from the following detailed description read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

[0013] **FIG. 1** is a side view of a toilet fixture according to one example of the present disclosure;

[0014] **FIG. 2** is a side view of a jet assembly of the toilet fixture of **FIG. 1** according to one example of the present disclosure;

[0015] **FIG. 3** is a rear view of the jet assembly of **FIG. 2**;

[0016] **FIG. 4** is a cross-sectional view of the jet assembly of **FIG. 2** along line B-B;

[0017] **FIG. 5** is a side view of a toilet fixture according to another example of the present disclosure;

[0018] **FIG. 6** is a side view of a foreign object strainer according to one example of the present disclosure;

[0019] **FIG. 7** is a front view of the foreign object strainer of **FIG. 6**;

[0020] **FIG. 8** is a cross-sectional view of the foreign object strainer of **FIG. 6** along line A-A;

[0021] **FIG. 9** is a toilet fixture according to another example of the present disclosure;

[0022] **FIG. 10** is a front view of the toilet fixture of **FIG. 9**;

[0023] **FIG. 11** is a cross-sectional view of the toilet fixture of **FIG. 9** along line A-A;

[0024] **FIG. 12** is a side view of a strainer according to one example of the present disclosure;

[0025] FIG. 13 is a top view of the strainer of FIG. 12; and

[0026] FIG. 14 is an exploded perspective view of the strainer of FIG. 12.

### DESCRIPTION OF THE DISCLOSURE

[0027] For purposes of the description hereinafter, spatial orientation terms, as used, shall relate to the referenced embodiment as it is oriented in the accompanying drawings, figures, or otherwise described in the following detailed description. However, it is to be understood that the embodiments described hereinafter may assume many alternative variations and configurations. It is also to be understood that the specific components, devices, features, and operational sequences illustrated in the accompanying drawings, figures, or otherwise described herein are simply exemplary and should not be considered as limiting.

[0028] The present disclosure is directed to, in general, a toilet fixture and, in particular, to a toilet fixture with a clog prevention and cleanout arrangement. Certain preferred and non-limiting examples of the components of the toilet fixture are illustrated in FIGS. 1-14.

[0029] With reference to FIG. 1, a toilet fixture 2 utilizing a clog prevention and cleanout arrangement is shown and described. The toilet fixture 2 includes an inlet pipe 4, a toilet bowl 6 and an outlet/waste pipe 8. The inlet pipe 4 may include a fitting ring 10 for connection to a flush assembly (not shown in FIG. 1) that is positioned behind a wall upon which the toilet fixture 2 is anchored. Fluid from the flush assembly is directed to the inlet pipe 4 and into the toilet bowl 6. The toilet bowl 6 may be any type of toilet bowl generally known in the art. The toilet bowl 6 may include a plurality of flush rim rinse holes 12 defined in an upper edge of the toilet bowl 6. Waste and fluid from the toilet bowl 6 are flushed out of the toilet fixture 2 through the outlet pipe 8. The inlet pipe 4, the toilet bowl 6, and the waste pipe 8 may be made of stainless steel and may be pre-welded together before installation of the toilet fixture 2 on the wall.

[0030] As discussed above, debris from the flush assembly may be directed to the toilet fixture 2 via the inlet pipe 4. This debris may be directed into the toilet bowl 6, which can cause clogging of the toilet bowl 6, and/or may be directed through a jet pipe 14 that fluidly connects the inlet pipe 4 to the outlet pipe 8. The jet pipe 14 may also direct fluid from the inlet pipe 4 to the outlet pipe 8 to assist in flushing any waste or debris from the outlet pipe 8. The debris from the flush assembly, however, may begin to also clog in the outlet pipe 8. Therefore, in this example of the toilet fixture 2, a fitting 16 is positioned in-line with the inlet pipe 4 and is connected to the jet pipe 14. The fitting 16 includes a cleanout hole 18 that permits an individual to access the interior of the inlet pipe 4 and/or the jet pipe 14 to remove

any debris that has been directed therethrough from the flush assembly. The fitting **16** may include a removable cap **20** to cover the cleanout hole **18**.

**[0031]** With reference to **FIGS. 1-4**, the toilet fixture **2** may also include a jet assembly **22** provided on an end of the jet pipe **14** and connected to the outlet pipe **8**. The jet assembly **22** may be removably connected to the jet pipe **14** and the outlet pipe **8** so that the jet assembly **22** can be easily removed from the toilet fixture **2** to remove any debris that has built up within the jet assembly **22**. The jet assembly **22** includes a jet **24**, a mounting base **26**, and a locking mechanism **28**. The jet **24** defines a passageway to direct fluid from the inlet pipe **4** to the outlet pipe **8** and includes a first threaded end for connection to the jet pipe **14** and a flanged end for connection to the mounting base **26**. The mounting base **26** may be welded or fastened to an outer surface of the outlet pipe **8**. In another example, the mounting base **26** may be mechanically fastened according to any known technique for fastening two elements together, such as nuts and bolts, screws, clamps, and/or latches. The jet **24** may be held on the mounting base **26** using the locking mechanism **28**. The locking mechanism **28** includes two locking arms **30, 32** that hold a bottom portion of the jet **24** between the mounting base **26** and the locking mechanism **28**. One locking arm **30** may be slidable relative to the mounting base **26** and one locking arm **32** may be held stationary on the mounting base **26**. The locking arm **30** may be spring-loaded into a lock position by a resilient member, such as a spring **34**. An individual can move the locking arm **34** to an open position by pushing the locking arm **30** against the spring **34**. As the locking arm **30** is moved away from the locking arm **34**, an opening to receive the jet **24** is enlarged to permit an individual to remove or insert the jet **24**. In the event the jet **24** is being inserted, upon release of the locking arm **30**, the spring **34** biases the locking arm **30** back to the lock position to lock the jet **24** on the mounting base **26**. Using this locking mechanism **28**, an individual can easily and efficiently remove and attach the jet **24** to the mounting base **26** to keep the jet **24** free of debris. In one example of the present disclosure, the jet assembly **22** also includes at least one screw member **36** that can be used to adjust the biasing force of the spring **34** against the locking arm **30**. The screw member **36** can also be removed to allow complete removal of the jet **24**. As shown in **FIG. 4**, a sealing gasket **38** may be provided between the flanged end portion of the jet **24** and the mounting base **26** to ensure a leak-free connection between the jet **24** and the mounting base **26**. The sealing gasket **38** may be made of an elastomer.

**[0032]** With reference to **FIG. 5**, in another example of the present disclosure, the toilet fixture **2** may include a foreign object strainer **40** to prevent foreign objects and debris from being directed into the inlet pipe **4**, the toilet bowl **6**, and/or the outlet pipe **8**. The foreign

object strainer **40** may be positioned in-line with the inlet pipe **4** upstream of the toilet bowl **6** to catch any foreign objects or debris that are directed into the inlet pipe **4** from the flush assembly. With reference to **FIGS. 6-8**, the foreign object strainer **40** includes a main body **42** having one end **44** for threaded attachment to the inlet pipe **4** and an opposing end **46** for connection to the fitting ring **10** of the toilet fixture **2**. The main body **42** is substantially tubular and defines a passageway for fluid to flow from the flush assembly to the inlet pipe **4**. The main body **42** also includes a threaded extension **48** that extends from a bottom surface of the main body **42**. Removably attached to the threaded extension **48** is a cover **50** that can be threaded on and off the threaded extension **48**. The threaded extension **48** defines a passageway that receives a foreign object reservoir **52**. The foreign object reservoir **52** may be held in the threaded extension **48** by threading the cover **50** onto the threaded extension **48** to support the foreign object reservoir **52**. The foreign object reservoir **52** is shaped as a receptacle to receive any debris and other foreign objects that are blocked by the foreign object strainer **40**, as described in further detail below.

**[0033]** The foreign object strainer **40** also includes a foreign object strainer plate **54** that is positioned within the main passageway of the main body **42**. The foreign object strainer plate **54** may be positioned at an angle within the main body **42** and relative to a longitudinal axis of the main passageway of the main body **42**. The foreign object strainer plate **54** defines at least one aperture **56** to allow fluid to flow through the foreign object strainer plate **54**. The apertures **56** are dimensioned so as to allow fluid to pass through the foreign object strainer plate **54** but prevent larger pieces of debris from passing through the foreign object strainer plate **54** and into the toilet fixture **2**. It is contemplated that any number of apertures **56** may be defined in the foreign object strainer plate **54** and the apertures **56** may be dimensioned according to the needs of the specific toilet fixture **2** based on the size of the anticipated foreign objects moving through the toilet fixture **2**. As shown in **FIG. 8**, in one example of the present disclosure, the top end of the foreign object strainer plate **54** is directed towards the end **46** of the main body **42** and the lower end of the foreign object strainer plate **54** is directed towards the end **44** of the main body **42**. Therefore, as fluid and debris from the flush assembly as directed into the foreign object strainer **40**, the debris is blocked by the foreign object strainer plate **54** and the fluid is permitted to flow through the apertures **56** of the foreign object strainer plate **54** and into the inlet pipe **4**. The debris blocked by the foreign object strainer plate **54** falls into the foreign object reservoir **52**. Periodically, an individual can remove the cover **50** from the threaded extension **48** to remove the foreign object reservoir **52** and empty the debris from the foreign object reservoir **52**. The foreign object

reservoir **52** can then be inserted back into the foreign object strainer **40** and the cover **50** can be threaded back onto the threaded extension **48**. Using the foreign object strainer **40**, debris and other unwanted objects from the flush assembly can be blocked from entering the inlet pipe **4** and the remaining components of the toilet fixture **2**.

[0034] With reference to **FIGS. 9-11**, the foreign object strainer **40** described above is shown in use with a flush assembly **58** according to one example of the present disclosure. The flush assembly **58** includes a momentum flush valve **60** to direct fluid through the flush assembly **58** and into the toilet fixture **2**, a vacuum breaker pipe **62**, an elbow joint **64** that connects the vacuum breaker pipe **62** to the foreign object strainer **40**, and an outlet pipe **66** connected at one end to the foreign object strainer **40** and at an opposing end to the inlet pipe **4** of the toilet fixture **2**. The elbow joint **64** is connected to the vacuum breaker pipe **62** and the foreign object strainer **40** via slip joint nuts **68**. The foreign object strainer **40** is connected to the outlet pipe **66** via a slip joint nut **68**.

[0035] The foreign object strainer **40** used with the flush assembly **58** is substantially similar to the foreign object strainer **40** described above in connection with the toilet fixture **2**. The foreign object strainer **40** includes a foreign object strainer plate **54** that is angled towards the elbow joint **64** so that, as the foreign object strainer **40** blocks debris in the fluid passing through the fluid object strainer **40**, the debris is directed down into the foreign object reservoir **52**. The foreign object reservoir **52** is held in the foreign object strainer **40** by the cover **50**. When provided in the flush assembly **58**, the foreign object strainer **40** may also include a reservoir overflow detection aperture **70**. The reservoir overflow detection aperture **70** is an aperture defined in the foreign object strainer **40** that permits an individual to determine when the foreign object reservoir **52** is full or if large pieces of debris have been lodged in the foreign object strainer **40**. In another example of the present disclosure, the reservoir overflow detection aperture **70** may include a sensor **71** that notifies an individual when the foreign object reservoir **52** is full or if large pieces of debris have been lodged in the foreign object strainer **40**. In one example of the present disclosure, the sensor **71** may be a through-beam sensor that detects when debris has been lodged in the foreign object strainer **40**. The through-beam sensor may shoot a laser beam through the foreign object strainer **40** and when the debris passes through the laser beam the sensor **71** will identify this debris and send an appropriate signal to a controller to notify a user. In another example of the present disclosure, a pressure detector sensor may be provided on the main body **42** adjacent the opposing end **46**. In the event a high pressure is created in the main body **42** due to debris blockage, the pressure detector sensor will identify this high pressure and send an appropriate

signal to a controller to notify a user. In another example of the present disclosure, the cover **50** may be made of a clear/transparent material that would allow a user to look into the cover **50** to identify whether debris has been lodged in the foreign object strainer **40**. In another example of the present disclosure, the sensor **71** may be a reflective sensor that would detect debris in the foreign object strainer **40** similar to an infrared sensor.

**[0036]** With reference to **FIGS. 12-14**, a vacuum breaker and foreign object strainer assembly **72** (referred to hereinafter as “assembly **72**”) is shown and described. The assembly **72** includes a vacuum breaker **74** and an integral mesh strainer **76**. As shown in **FIG. 12**, in one example of the present disclosure, the assembly **72** may be formed as a monolithic structure. As shown in **FIG. 14**, in one example of the present disclosure, the assembly **72** may be provided as separate components operatively connected to one another. The vacuum breaker **74** may be made of an ethylene propylene diene monomer (EPDM) rubber. The mesh strainer **76** may be made of stainless steel. The vacuum breaker **74** may be formed integral with the mesh strainer **76**. The assembly **72** may be included in the flush assembly **58** to prevent backflow of fluid from the toilet fixture **2** into the flush assembly **58**. As shown in **FIG. 11**, the assembly **72** may be positioned in vacuum breaker pipe **62** beneath the momentum flush valve **60**. In one example, the assembly **72** may be molded with the vacuum breaker pipe **62**. In another example, the assembly **72** is removably inserted in the vacuum breaker pipe **62**. The mesh strainer **76** defines a plurality of apertures that allow fluid to pass therethrough but block any debris from moving past the vacuum breaker **74** and into the flush assembly **58** or toilet fixture **2**. The apertures are dimensioned so as to allow fluid to pass through the mesh strainer **76** but prevent larger pieces of debris from passing through the mesh strainer **76** and into the flush assembly **58** or the toilet fixture **2**. Once debris has built up in the mesh strainer **76**, the assembly **72** can be removed to clear the debris from the mesh strainer **76**.

**[0037]** While several aspects of the toilet fixture and flush assembly are shown in the accompanying figures and described in detail hereinabove, other aspects will be apparent to, and readily made by, those skilled in the art without departing from the scope and spirit of the disclosure. Accordingly, the foregoing description is intended to be illustrative rather than restrictive. The invention described hereinabove is defined by the appended claims and all changes to the invention that fall within the meaning and range of equivalency of the claims are to be embraced within their scope.

## CLAIMS

1. A toilet fixture, comprising:  
an inlet pipe;  
a toilet bowl in fluid communication with the inlet pipe;  
an outlet pipe in fluid communication with the toilet bowl;  
a jet pipe in fluid communication with the inlet pipe and the outlet pipe; and  
a foreign object strainer positioned in-line with the inlet pipe.
2. The toilet fixture as claimed in claim 1, wherein the foreign object strainer comprises:  
a main body;  
a foreign object strainer plate positioned within the main body; and  
a foreign object reservoir positioned beneath the foreign object strainer plate.
3. The toilet fixture as claimed in claim 2, wherein a removable cover supports the foreign object reservoir in the foreign object strainer and is configured to permit the foreign object reservoir to be removed from the foreign object strainer to empty debris from the foreign object reservoir.
4. The toilet fixture as claimed in claim 3, wherein the removable cover is threadedly attached to the main body.
5. The toilet fixture as claimed in claim 2, wherein the foreign object strainer plate defines at least one aperture.
6. The toilet fixture as claimed in claim 5, wherein the at least one aperture is sized to permit fluid to pass therethrough and block debris in the fluid from passing therethrough.

7. The toilet fixture as claimed in claim 2, wherein the foreign object strainer plate is positioned at an angle relative to the main body.

8. A flush assembly, comprising:  
a flush valve;  
a vacuum breaker tube in fluid communication with the flush valve;  
a foreign object strainer in fluid communication with the vacuum breaker tube; and  
an outlet pipe in fluid communication with the foreign object strainer.

9. The toilet fixture as claimed in claim 8, wherein the foreign object strainer comprises:  
a main body;  
a foreign object strainer plate positioned within the main body; and  
a foreign object reservoir positioned beneath the foreign object strainer plate.

10. The toilet fixture as claimed in claim 9, wherein the foreign object strainer further comprises a removable cover, wherein the removable cover supports the foreign object reservoir in the foreign object strainer.

11. The toilet fixture as claimed in claim 10, wherein the removable cover is threadedly attached to the main body.

12. The toilet fixture as claimed in claim 9, wherein the foreign object strainer plate defines at least one aperture.

13. The toilet fixture as claimed in claim 12, wherein the at least one aperture is sized to permit fluid to pass therethrough and block debris in the fluid from passing therethrough.

14. The toilet fixture as claimed in claim 9, wherein the foreign object strainer plate is positioned at an angle relative to the main body.

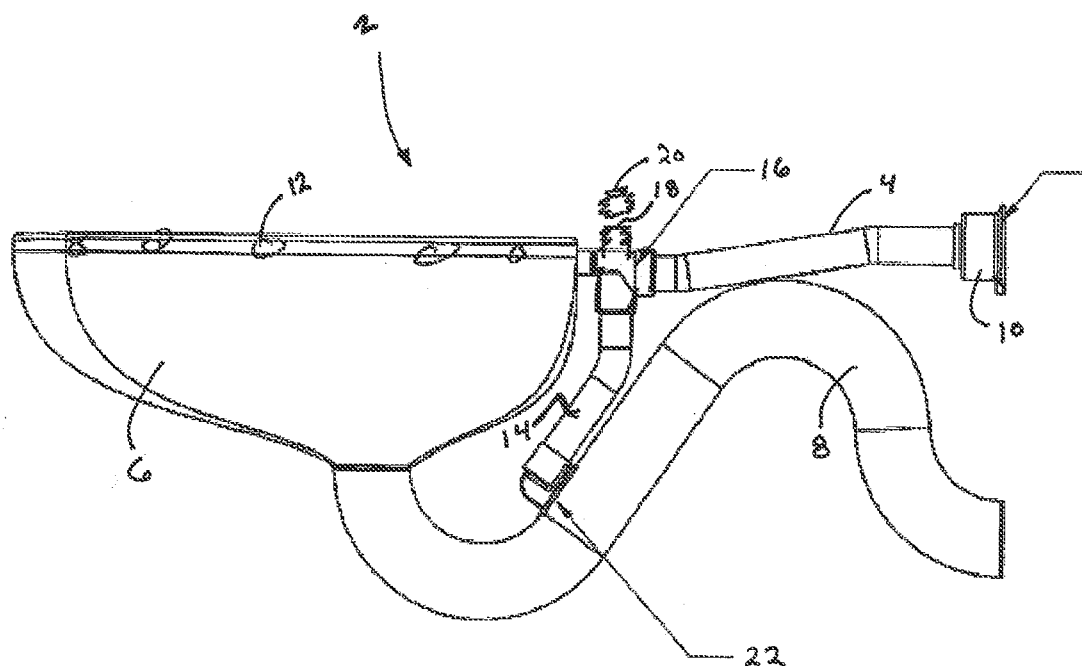


FIG. 1

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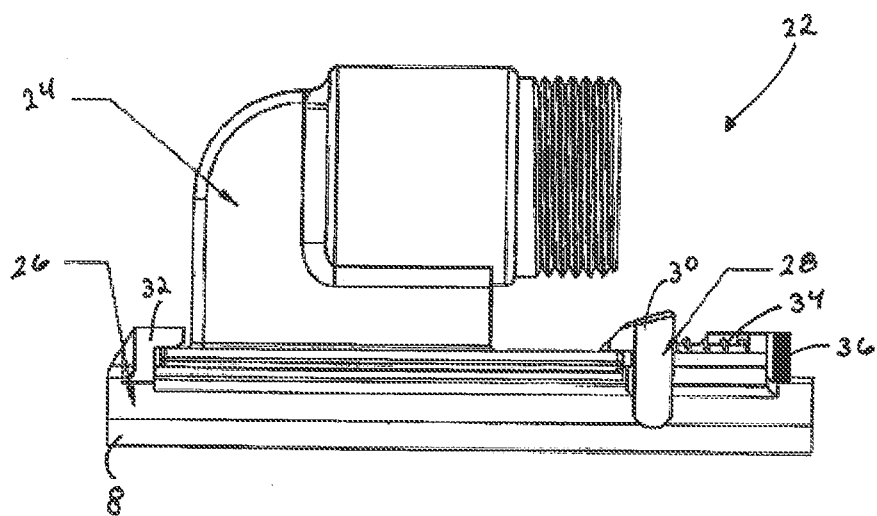


FIG. 2

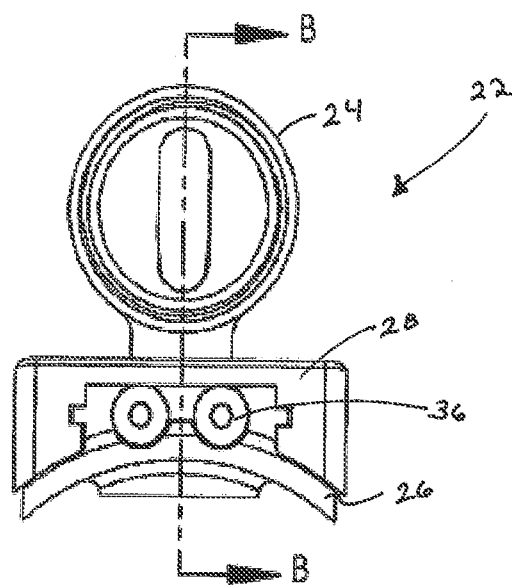


FIG. 3

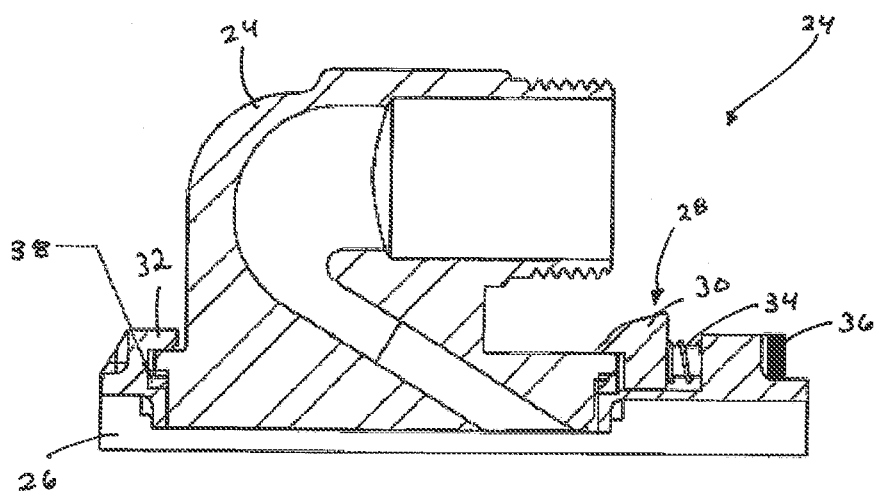


FIG. 4

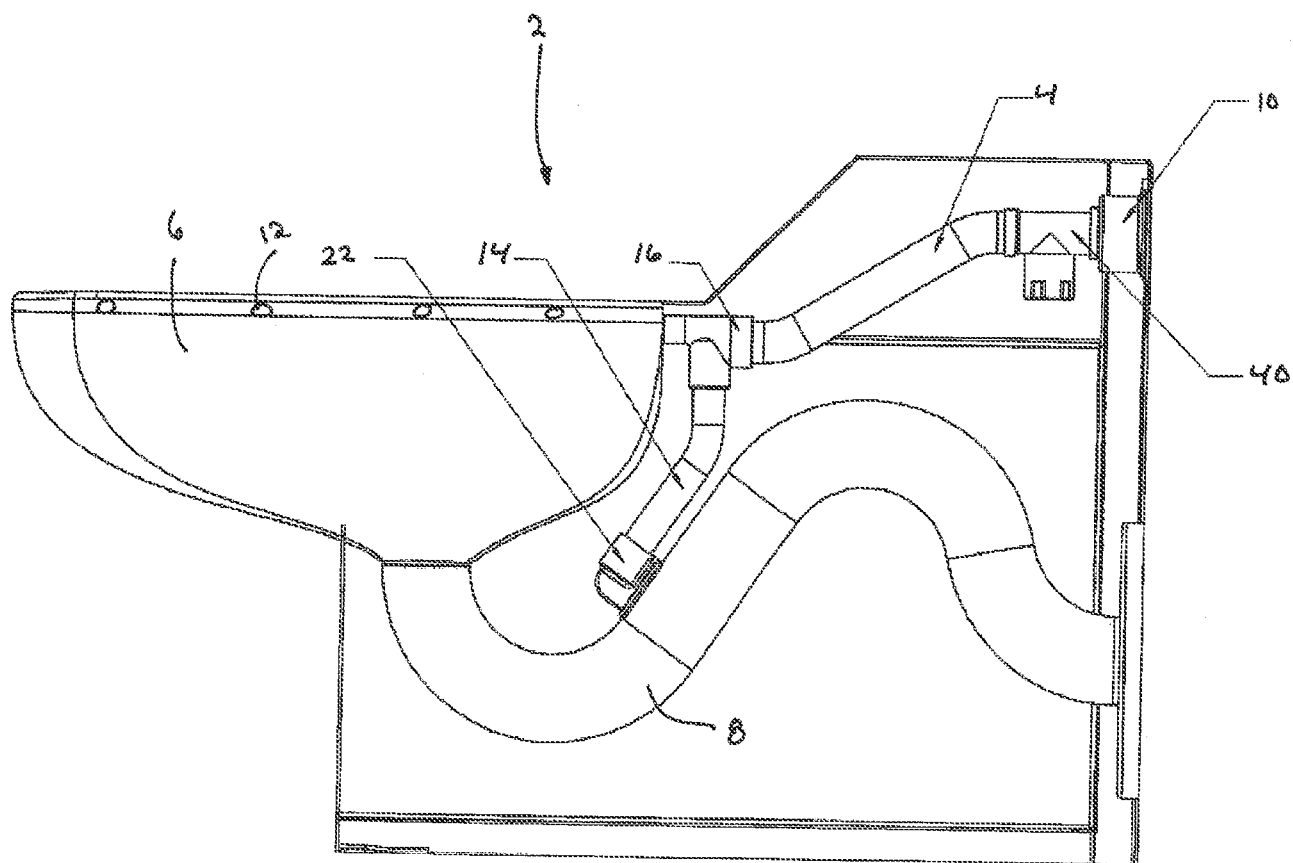


FIG. 5

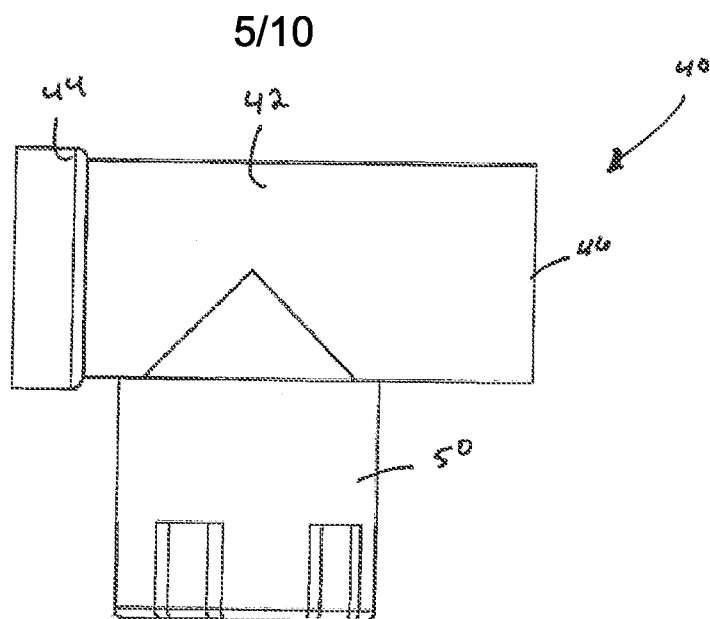


FIG. 6

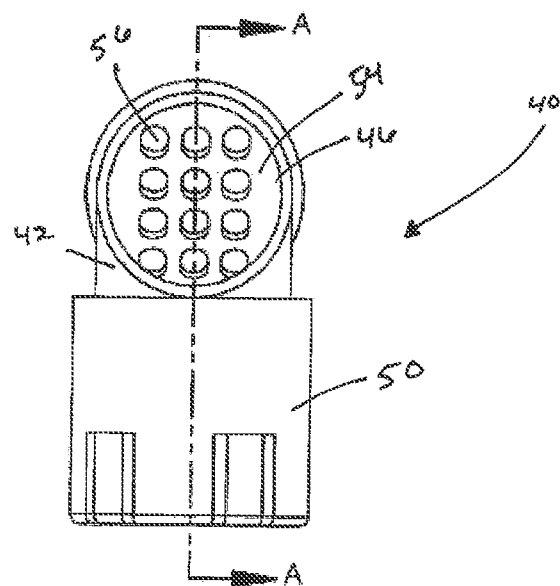


FIG. 7

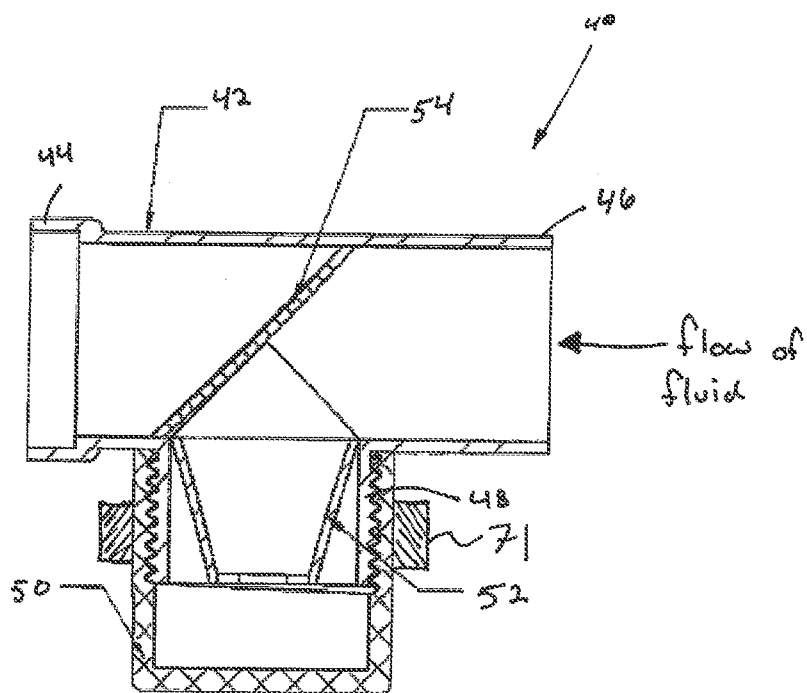


FIG. 8

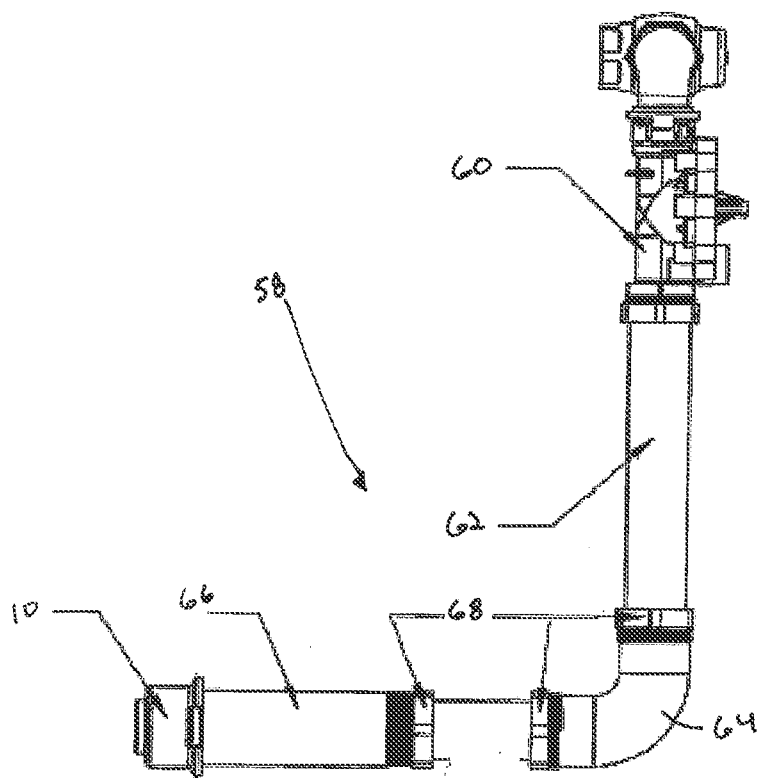


FIG. 9

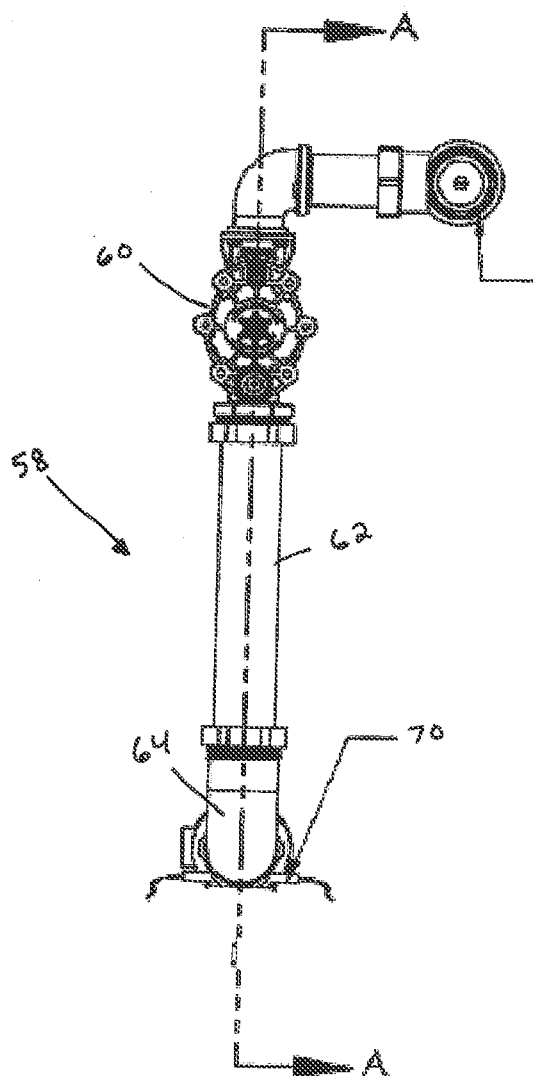


FIG. 10

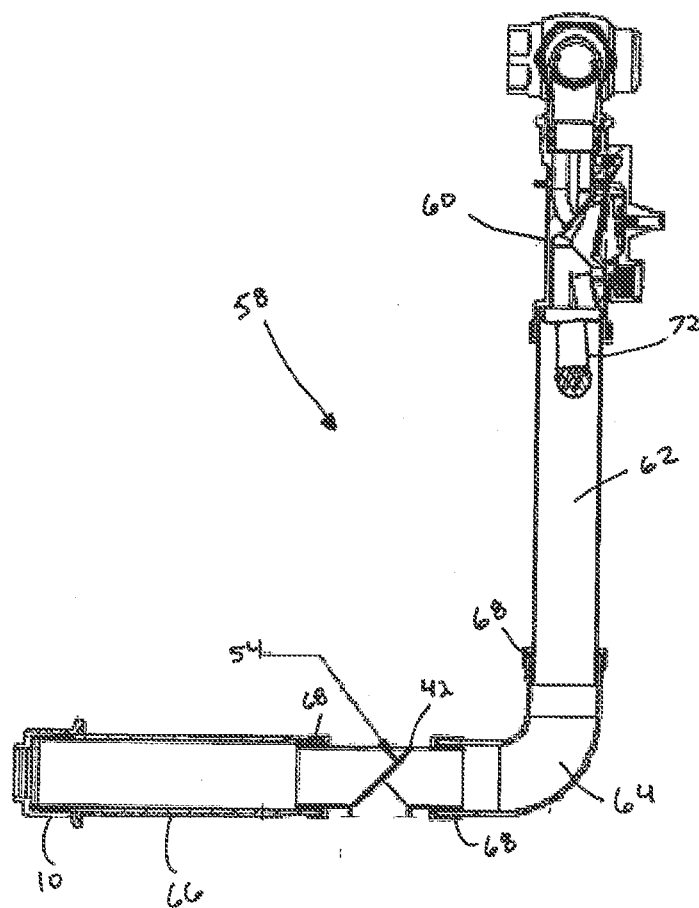


FIG. 11

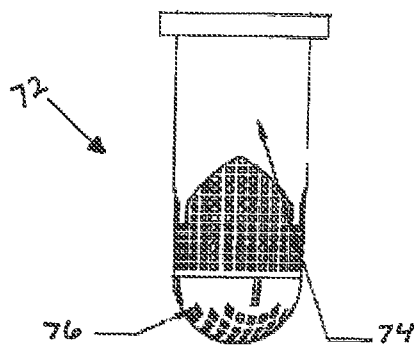


FIG. 12

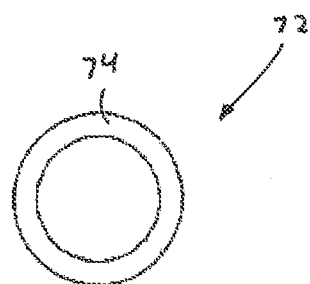


FIG. 13

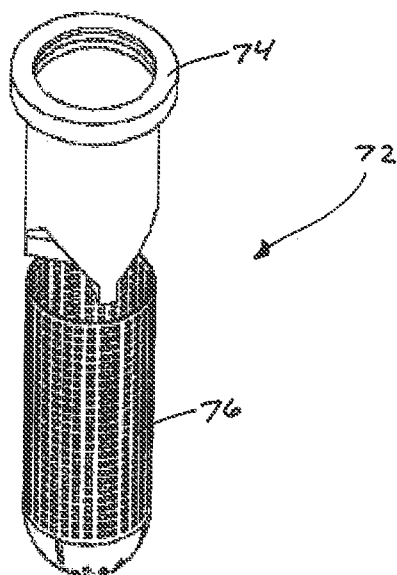


FIG. 14